

Your Ref: TP/IP/21299/2020 18th June 2020

Our Ref: CI/TPD20005821/P

General Investigation Team

Traffic Police Department Singapore Police Force 10 Ubi Avenue 3 Singapore 408865

MECHANICAL INSPECTION REPORT OF MOTOR CAR SLR 3826C

- I refer to your request on 15th May 2020 to conduct a physical inspection of a Motor car bearing registration number SLR 3826C (herein referred to as "Motor Car"), which was involved in a road traffic accident on 27th April 2020.
- 2. The objective of the inspection is to determine if there was any possible mechanical failure to the Motor car that may have contributed to the accident.
- 3. Following the request, I had carried out a physical inspection of the Motor Car on 11th June 2020 at the premises of Traffic Police vehicle pound, 517 Airport Road Singapore 539942. I now set out below my observations and comments with respect to this inspection.

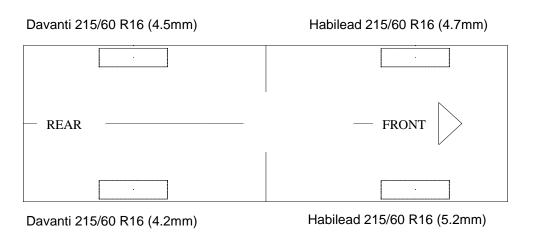
General Condition

- 4. The mileage of the Motor car was not recorded due to damage to the ignition system and engine system as a result of the accident.
- 5. The Motor car was observed to have sustained damage at its front portion. Its front windscreen, front bonnet and front bumper was amongst the body parts and various components in the engine compartments were also damaged as a result of the accident. The Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) was activated as a result of the accident.



Tyres and Wheel Rims

6. The condition of the Motor Car's 4 tyres was observed to be in serviceable condition. I did not find any tear, cut or burst mark(s) on the outer and the inner sidewalls as well as across the tread of the 4 tyres. The 4 tyres were also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation. The tyre brand, tyre size and remaining tread depth of the 4 tyres were recorded as follows:-



7. The 4 tyres were observed to be wrapped around standard alloy wheel rims that were found to be without any damage. See photo 1 - 13 below.





Photo 1 shows a general view of the Motor Car's rear body at the time of my inspection. The rear portion of the Motor Car was observed to have been undamaged by the accident.



Photo 2 shows a general view of the Motor Car's front body at the time of my inspection. The Motor car was observed to have sustained damage at its front portion. Its front windscreen, front bonnet, front bumper was amongst the body parts and various components in the engine compartments were also damaged as a result of the accident. The Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) was activated as a result of the accident.



Photo 3 shows the close up view of the Motor Car's front body at the time of my inspection. The Motor car was observed to have sustained damage at its front portion. Its front windscreen (circled) was damaged as a result of the accident.



Photo 4 shows the close up view of the Motor Car's front body at the time of my inspection. The Motor car was observed to have sustained damage at its front portion. Its front bonnet (yellow circle) and front bumper (red circle) was amongst the body parts and various components in the engine compartments were also damaged as a result of the accident.



Photo 5 shows a close up view of the Motor Car's engine compartment at the time of my inspection. The Motor car was observed to have sustained damage at its front portion. Its front engine radiator (red circle) was amongst the body parts and various components in the engine compartments were also damaged as a result of the accident.



Photo 6 shows a close up view of the Motor Car's engine compartment at the time of my inspection. The Motor car was observed to have sustained damage at its front portion. Its battery and ECU (red circle) was amongst the body parts and various components in the engine compartments were also damaged as a result of the accident.





Photo 7 shows a general view of the Motor Car's right body at the time of my inspection. The right portion of the Motor Car was observed to have been undamaged by the accident.



Photo 8 shows a general view of the Motor Car's left body at the time of my inspection. The left portion of the Motor Car was observed to have been undamaged by the accident.



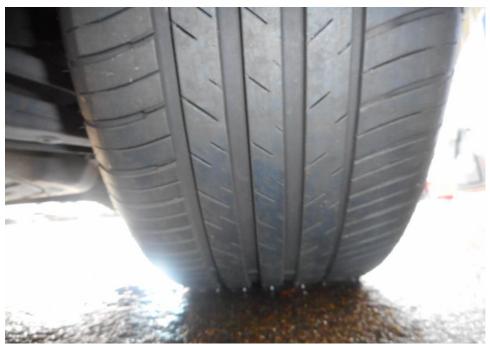


Photo 9 shows the condition of the front right tyre of the Motor Car, which was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 5.2mm. The tyre, which was wrapped around alloy wheel rim, was also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation.



Photo 10 shows the condition of the rear right tyre of the Motor Car, which was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 4.2mm. The tyre was also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation with no tear, cut or burst mark(s).

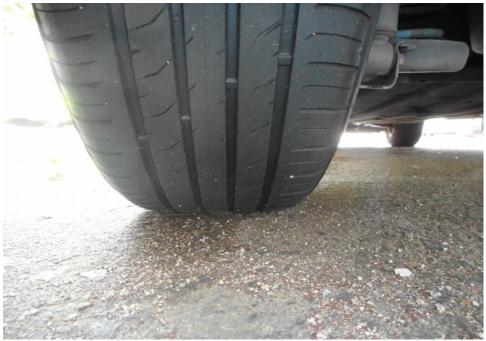


Photo 11 shows the condition of the rear left tyre of the Motor Car, which was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 4.5mm. The tyre was also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation with no tear, cut or burst mark(s).

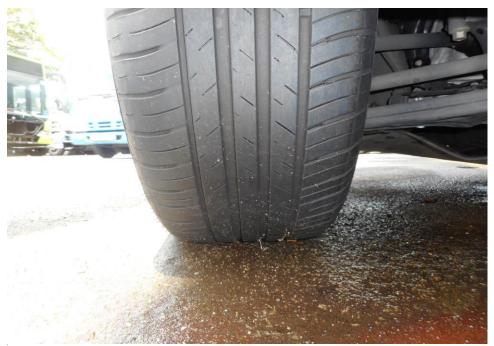


Photo 12 shows the condition of the front left tyre of the Motor Car, which was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 4.7mm. The tyre was also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation with no tear, cut or burst mark(s).





Photo 13 shows the deployment of the Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) airbag (arrowed) in the Motor Car as a result of the accident.

Engine Compartment & Operating Fluids

- 8. Upon examination of the Motor Car's engine compartment, I had observed all the parts and components inside the engine compartment to be intact and unaffected by the accident. The brake fluid, engine oil, power steering fluid and engine coolant were all found to be of sufficient level for operating purposes. Visually, there was also no contamination found to these fluids.
- 9. Further examination of the engine compartment revealed, there was no sign(s) or indication(s) of fresh fluid leakage and/or fluid stain within the engine compartment of the Motor Car.
- 10. My subsequent checks on the underside of the Motor Car also revealed no fluid stain. Visually, the various undercarriage components of the Motor Car were all observed to be intact and without any visible damage. See photo 14 18 below.



Photo 14 shows a general view of the Motor Car's engine compartment, which was accessed by lifting the front cabin of the Motor Car. The various parts and components inside the engine compartment were unaffected by the accident. There was also no sign(s) or indication(s) of fresh fluid leakage and/or fluid stain within the engine compartment

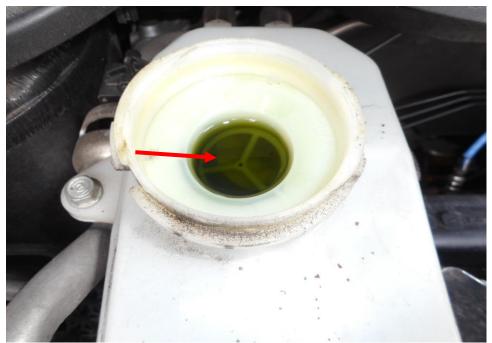


Photo 15 shows the brake fluid reservoir of the Motor Car at the time of my inspection. The brake fluid was observed to be of sufficient level (arrowed) and without any visible contamination.



Photo 16 shows the engine coolant reservoir of the Motor Car at the time of my inspection. The engine coolant was observed to be of insufficient level due to the damaged to the radiator that cause all the coolant to depleted from the coolant reservoir.



Photo 17 shows the engine oil dip stick of the Motor Car at the time of my inspection. The engine oil was observed to be of sufficient level and without any visible contamination.



Photo 18 shows the undercarriage of the Motor Car, at the area where the engine housing and transmission housing are located. . I did not find any sign(s) or indication(s) of fluid leak and/or fluid stain(s) on the underside of the Motor Car.

Braking System & Steering System

- 11. For this inspection, I was not able to conduct any tests on the steering system of the Motor Car due to the Motor Car running on electric power steering (EPS) which requires the Motor Car to be started and ignition system was damaged as a result of the accident. (Unable to be started)
- 12. Static brake tests conducted on the Motor Car revealed no abnormality. The brake booster had responded well to the various tests conducted. There was also no abnormal movement of the brake pedal when it was depressed. In general, the static brake tests had suggested that there was no internal leakage of pressure/vacuum in the braking system of the Motor Car.
- 13. My visual examination of the various steering and braking components which had included the rack and pinion, tie rods, tie rod ends and ball joints, brake hoses and brake pipes had revealed that these components were all generally intact. See photo 19 24 below.



Photo 19 shows the brake hose/pipe (arrowed) at the rear left wheel of the Motor Car. No leakage of brake fluid was observed. Visual examination of the various components of the braking system like the drum brake, brake booster, brake pedal etc. had revealed all to be intact and without visible damage.



Photo 20 shows the brake hose/pipe (arrowed) at the rear right wheel of the Motor Car. No leakage of brake fluid was observed. Visual examination of the various components of the braking system like the drum brake, brake booster, brake pedal etc. had revealed all to be intact and without visible damage.



Photo 21 shows the brake hose/pipe (arrowed) at the front right wheel of the Motor Car. No leakage of brake fluid was observed. Visual examination of the various components of the braking system like the brake caliper (circled), brake booster, brake pedal etc had revealed all to be intact and without visible damage at the time of accident. There was also no sign of fluid stain(s) observed on the various undercarriage components.



Photo 22 shows the brake hose/pipe (arrowed) at the front left wheel of the Motor Car. No leakage of brake fluid was observed. Visual examination of the various components of the braking system like the brake caliper (circled), brake booster, brake pedal etc had revealed all to be intact and without visible damage at the time of accident. There was also no sign of fluid stain(s) observed on the various undercarriage components.



Photo 23 shows the various undercarriage components at the front right wheel of the Motor Car, in particular the steering tie rod end (arrowed) and drive shaft (yellow arrow). The various steering components were all found to be intact, suggesting that the steering system of the Motor Car was likely to be in serviceable condition at the material time of accident. There was also no sign of fluid stain(s) observed on the various undercarriage components.

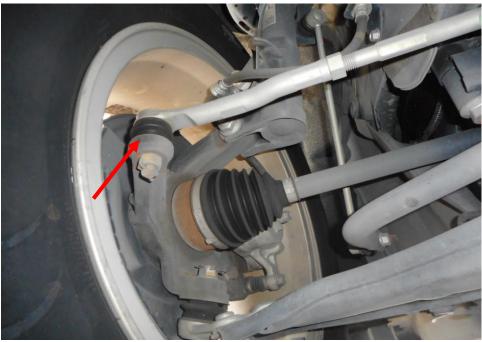


Photo 24 shows the various undercarriage components at the front left wheel of the Motor Car, in particular the steering tie rod end (arrowed). The various Undercarriage components of the Motor Car were all found to be intact without any visible damage. There was also no sign of fluid stain(s) observed on the various undercarriage components.



14. Static steering were not conducted on the Motor Car due to the damages that cause the engine unable to be started up. However static brake tests able to be conducted and In general our visual inspection of the mechanical components of the Motor Car's braking system appear to suggest that its braking system was in serviceable condition at the material time of accident.

Electronic Safety / Warning Indicators

15. The Motor Car's automatic self-test of the functionality of its various electronic operating systems was not able to be conducted as there was damaged ignition system and engine system as a result of the accident. (unable to be started)

Seat Belts

16. The front right seat belt of the "Motor Car" were worn at the material time of accident as the respective pre-tensioners that were fitted at the side of each seat was activated upon the material time. See photo 25 below.



Photo 25 shows that the seat belt on the right seat was worn at the material time of accident as the safety pre-tensioners was activated at the moment of impact and caused the seat belt to be locked into the last position.



Operational Behaviour of the Motor Car

17. Operational test to primarily determine whether there was any abnormality to the engine system, transmission system and braking system of the Motor Car could not be conducted given the extent of damage that it had sustained (Major systems of the Motor Car damage as a result of the accident.).

Conclusion

- 18. For this particular case, I was unable to determine whether there was any possible mechanical failure to the Motor Car that may have contributed to the accident. The extent of damage that it had sustained had prevented me from carrying out any operational test(s) and/or static test(s) to its engine system, transmission system, steering system and suspension system.
- 19. However static brake tests able to be conducted and In general our visual inspection of the mechanical components of the Motor Car's braking system appear to suggest that its braking system was in serviceable condition at the material time of accident and there was no leakage found at the braking components of the Motor Car.
- 20. The 4 tyres of the Motor Car were also found to be in serviceable condition. I did not find any tear, cut or burst mark(s) on the outer and the inner sidewalls as well as across the tread of the 4 tyres. The 4 tyres were also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation with remaining tread depth of approximately 4.2mm to 5.2mm.

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