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Our Ref : CI/TPD20005426/N

4 August 2020

Fatal Accident Investigation Team

Traffic Police Department
Singapore Police Force
10 Ubi Avenue 3
Singapore 408865

INSPECTION REPORT OF MOTORCYCLE JQG 5206

1. We refer to your request dated 2 April 2020 to conduct a physical inspection of a motorcycle bearing registration number JQG 5206 (herein referred to as "**Motorcycle**"), which was involved in a fatal road traffic accident on 6 March 2020.
2. The purpose of this inspection is to primarily determine if there was any possible mechanical failure to the Motorcycle that may have contributed to the accident.
3. Following the request, we had carried out a physical inspection of the Motorcycle on 4 August 2020 at the premises of Traffic Police vehicle pound, 517 Airport Road Singapore 539942. We now set out below our observations and comments with respect to this inspection.

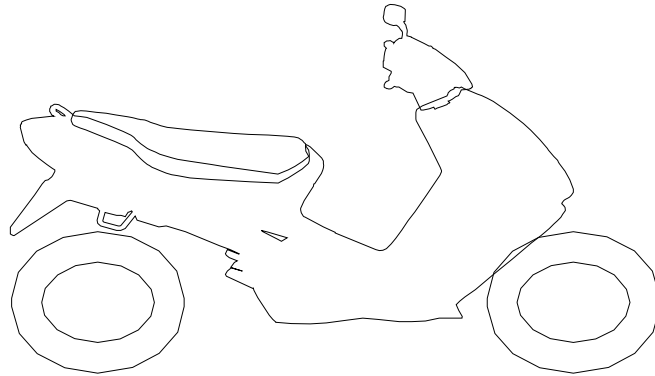
General Condition

4. The mileage of the Motorcycle could not be recorded at the time of our inspection due to the damaged speedometer gauge.
5. The Motorcycle was observed to have sustained damages all around. The body parts that were found to have been damaged include its headlight assembly, head cowl, front mudguard, right cowl, front brake lever, clutch lever, right footrest bracket and left rear side cover, amongst others.

Tyres and Wheel Rims

6. The condition of the 2 tyres of the Motorcycle was observed to be in serviceable condition. We did not observe any tear, burst mark(s) and/or punctured hole(s) on the sidewalls as well as across the tread of the 2 tyres. Both the tyres were observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation.

7. The tyre brand, tyre size and remaining tread depth of the 2 tyres were recorded as follows:-



Metzeler 140/70 - 17 (3mm)

Maxxis 110/70 - 17 (3mm)

8. The 2 tyres were wrapped around alloy wheel rims. At the time of our inspection, we did not observe any visible damage on the rear wheel rim of the Motorcycle. However, the front wheel rim of the Motorcycle was observed to be chipped as a result of the accident. See photos 1 – 17 below.

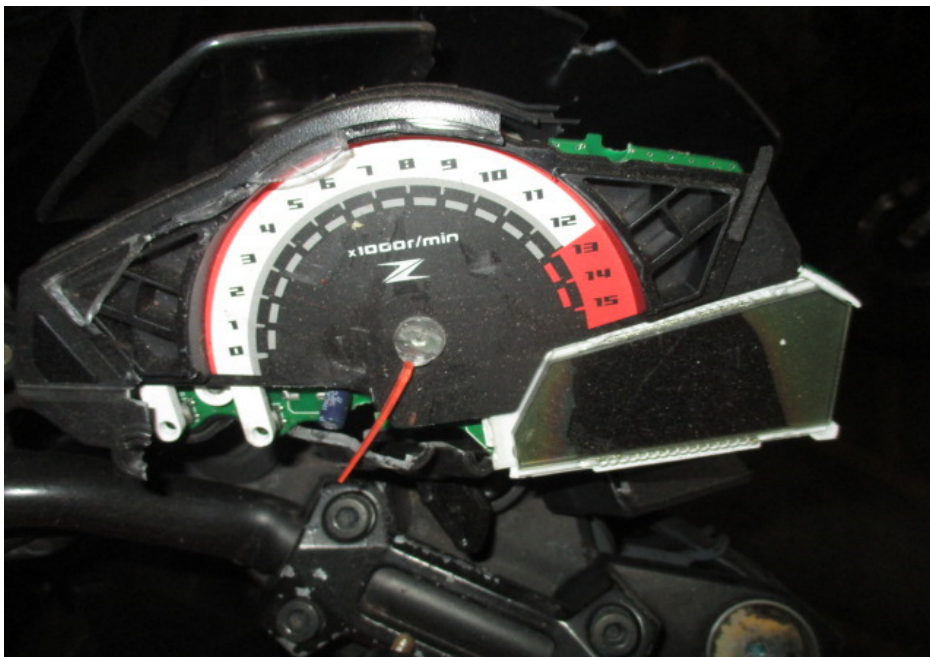


Photo 1 shows the damaged speedometer gauge of the Motorcycle as a result of the accident. As a result, the mileage of the Motorcycle could not be recorded at the time of our inspection.



Photo 2 shows a general view of the left front body of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The Motorcycle was observed to have sustained damages all around.



Photo 3 shows a general view of the right front body of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The Motorcycle was observed to have sustained damages all around body. Amongst the body parts that were found to have been damaged include its headlight assembly, head cowl, front mudguard, right cowl, front brake lever, clutch lever, right footrest bracket and left rear side cover, amongst others.



Photo 4 shows a close up view of the head cowl and headlight assembly which were amongst the body parts at the front of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 5 shows a closer view of the cracked front mudguard which was amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 6 shows a closer view of the right cowling of the Motorcycle which had sustained damages of grazing nature as a result of the accident.



Photo 7 shows the left handlebar end, clutch lever and left side mirror (arrowed), which were amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 8 shows the right handlebar end and front brake lever (arrowed), which were amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 9 shows a closer view of the dented petrol tank (circled) which was amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 10 shows a closer view of the cracked left rear side cover of the Motorcycle as a result of the accident (arrowed).



Photo 11 shows a closer view of the broken right front footrest bracket of the Motorcycle as a result of the accident (circled).



Photo 12 shows the right rear signal lamp of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident (arrowed).



Photo 13 shows the dented exhaust muffler of the Motorcycle as a result of the accident (arrowed).



Photo 14 shows the torn seat of the Motorcycle as a result of the accident (arrowed).



Photo 15 shows the front tyre of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The front tyre was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 3mm. The pattern of the tread was also clearly visible. There was no tear, burst mark(s) and/or punctured hole(s) on the sidewalls as well as across the tread of the front tyre.



Photo 16 shows the front wheel rim of the Motorcycle which was observed to be chipped as a result of the accident (arrowed).



Photo 17 shows the condition of the Motorcycle's rear tyre. The rear tyre was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 3mm. The tyre was also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation. We did not observe any tear, burst mark(s) and/or punctured hole(s) on the sidewalls as well as across the tread of the rear tyre.

Engine & Drive Train

9. Upon examination of the Motorcycle's engine area, we had observed that the various engine related parts and components were intact with no visible damage. There was also no sign(s) or indication(s) of fluid leak observed around the engine area of the Motorcycle.
10. The gear chain of the Motorcycle was found to be intact without any misalignment. It was also adequately lubricated for operating purposes. See photos 18 – 21 below.



Photo 18 shows the left side of the engine of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The various engine related parts and components were found to be intact with no visible damage. There was also no sign(s) or indication(s) of fluid leak observed around the left engine area of the Motorcycle.



Photo 19 shows the right side of the engine of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The various engine related parts and components were found to be intact with no visible damage. There was also no sign(s) or indication(s) of fluid leak observed around the right engine area of the Motorcycle.



Photo 20 shows the general view of the gear train (arrowed) of the Motorcycle, which was observed to be intact with no misalignment. It was also adequately lubricated for operating purposes.



Photo 21 shows a closer view of the gear train (arrowed) of the Motorcycle, which was observed to be intact with no misalignment. It was also adequately lubricated for operating purposes.

Steering System & Braking System

11. For this case, we were not able to conduct any test(s) on the steering system of the Motorcycle due to the damage of its front forks and handlebar. The left front fork was found to be bent inwards as a result of the accident. The handlebar was also found to be bent inwards as a result of the accident. Hence we were unable to turn the handle bar fully towards the left and right.
12. The braking system of the Motorcycle was observed to be of a full hydraulic type, where hydraulic (brake fluid) pressure controls the brake for the front wheel and rear wheel. The brake for the front wheel is engaged by pressing the brake lever at the right side of the Motorcycle's handle bar while the brake for the rear wheel is engaged by stepping on the brake pedal at the right side foot rest of the Motorcycle.
13. Our visual examination of the various components in the Motorcycle's braking system like the brake discs, brake calipers, brake lever, brake foot pedal and brake hoses revealed all to be intact and without damage. There was also no leakage of brake fluid observed along the brake hoses. This was from the respective brake fluid reservoirs to the front brake caliper and rear brake caliper of the Motorcycle.

14. The brake fluid for the front brake and rear brake was also found to be of sufficiently level and without any contamination.
15. Static brake tests conducted on the Motorcycle had appear to indicate that the braking system of the Motorcycle was in serviceable condition. There was some resistance felt (spongy like feel) upon pressing the brake lever and upon stepping on the brake pedal. This would indicate that there was no leakage of pressure/vacuum in the brake system.
16. We subsequently carried out an operational test of the Motorcycle's braking system. This was done by manually pushing the Motorcycle forward and backward, simulating the Motorcycle in motion, and thereafter engaging the front brake and rear brake of the Motorcycle. At the end of the short operational test, we did not observe any abnormal behaviour of the Motorcycle's braking system. The front wheel and rear wheel of the Motorcycle were able to stop rotating immediately upon depressing the brake lever and stepping on the brake pedal. See photos 22 – 28 below.



Photo 22 shows the front forks of the Motorcycle. The left front fork was found to be bent inwards as a result of the accident (arrowed). We were hence not able to conduct any tests on the steering system of the Motorcycle.

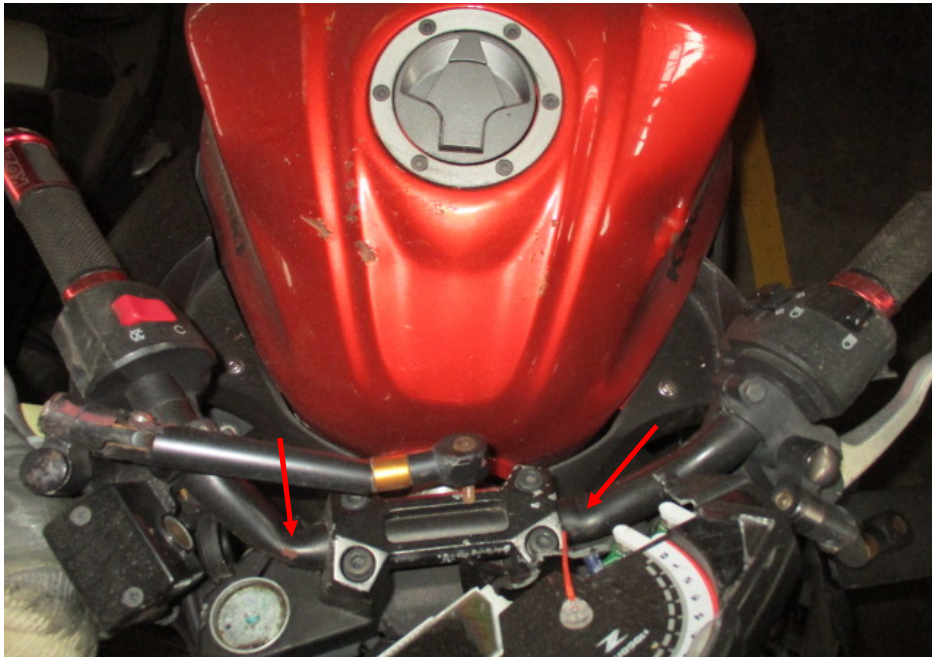


Photo 23 shows the handlebar of the Motorcycle. The handlebar was found to be bent inwards as a result of the accident (arrowed). We were hence unable to turn the handle bar fully towards the left and right.



Photo 24 shows a close up view of the front brake caliper, front brake disc and front brake hose (arrowed) of the Motorcycle, which are all part of the components in the hydraulic front brake system of the Motorcycle. Our visual checks of these various components had revealed all to be intact with no visible damage. No leakage of brake fluid was also observed.



Photo 25 shows the brake fluid reservoir for the front brake of the Motorcycle. The brake fluid was found to be without contamination and of sufficient level for operating purposes.



Photo 26 shows the front brake lever being depressed. There was some resistance felt (spongy like feel) upon pressing the front brake lever (arrowed). This would indicate that there is no leakage of pressure/vacuum in the brake system.

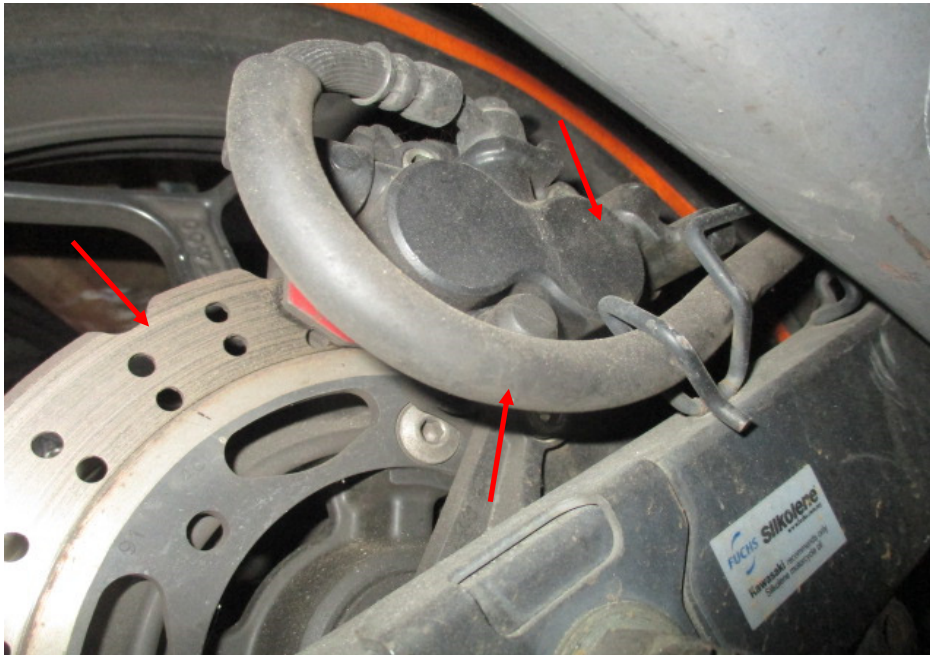


Photo 27 shows a close up view of the rear brake caliper, rear brake disc and rear brake hose (arrowed) of the Motorcycle, which are all part of the components in the hydraulic rear brake system of the Motorcycle. Our visual checks of these various components had revealed all to be intact with no visible damage. No leakage of brake fluid was also observed.



Photo 28 shows the brake fluid reservoir for the rear brake of the Motorcycle. The brake fluid was found to be without contamination and of sufficient level for operating purposes.

Conclusion

17. Basing on our physical inspection of the Motorcycle, it appears that the braking system of the Motorcycle was in serviceable condition. The steering system of the Motorcycle was found to be damaged as a result of the accident.
18. The 2 tyres of the Motorcycle were found to be in serviceable condition. There was no tear, cut or burst mark(s) on the outer and the inner sidewalls as well as across the tread of the 2 tyres. The 2 tyres were sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation with remaining tread depth of approximately 3mm each.

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