

Your Ref: TP/IP/77337/2019
Our Ref : CI/TPD20001853/N

3 April 2020

Fatal Accident Investigation Team

Traffic Police Department
Singapore Police Force
10 Ubi Avenue 3
Singapore 408865

INSPECTION REPORT OF MOTORCYCLE JPC 1091

1. We refer to your request dated 3 February 2020 to conduct a physical inspection of a motorcycle bearing registration number JPC 1091 (herein referred to as "**Motorcycle**"), which was involved in a fatal road traffic accident on 14 December 2019.
2. The purpose of this inspection is to primarily determine if there was any possible mechanical failure to the Motorcycle that may have contributed to the accident.
3. Following the request, we had carried out a physical inspection of the Motorcycle on 3 April 2020 at the premises of Traffic Police vehicle pound, 517 Airport Road Singapore 539942. We now set out below our observations and comments with respect to this inspection.

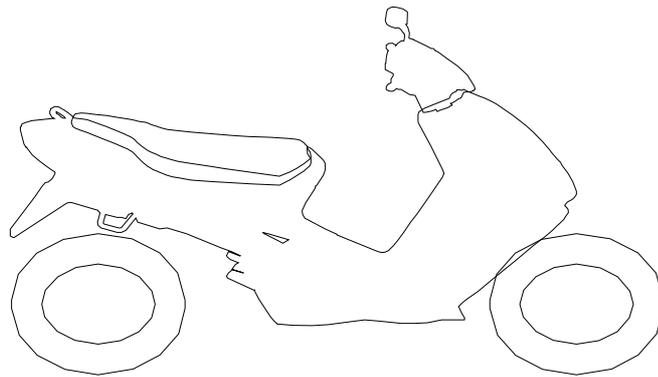
General Condition

4. The mileage of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection was 29, 999km.
5. The Motorcycle was observed to have sustained damages along its frontal portion, left body and rear portion. The body parts that were found to have been damaged include its front cowling, front mudguard, left cowling, left side mirror, gear shift pedal, left front footrest, left pillion foot peg, left rear side cover, top box rack, top box and rear mudguard, amongst others.

Tyres and Wheel Rims

6. The condition of the 2 tyres of the Motorcycle was observed to be in serviceable condition. We did not observe any tear, burst mark(s) and/or punctured hole(s) on the sidewalls as well as across the tread of the 2 tyres. Both the tyres were observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation.

7. The tyre brand, tyre size and remaining tread depth of the 2 tyres were recorded as follows:-



Pirelli 70/90 - 17 (3mm)

Pirelli 70/90 - 17 (3mm)

8. The 2 tyres were wrapped around alloy wheel rims. At the time of our inspection, we did not observe any visible damage on the front and rear wheel rim of the Motorcycle. See photos 1 – 15 below.



Photo 1 shows the speedometer gauge of the Motorcycle. The mileage of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection was 29, 999km (circled).



Photo 2 shows a general view of the front body of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The Motorcycle was observed to have sustained damages along its frontal portion, left body and rear portion.



Photo 3 shows a general view of the left body of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The Motorcycle was observed to have sustained damages along its frontal portion, left body and rear portion. Amongst the body parts that were found to have been damaged include its front cowling, front mudguard, left cowling, left side mirror, gear shift pedal, left front footrest, left pillion foot peg, left rear side cover, top box rack, top box and rear mudguard.



Photo 4 shows a close up view of the head cowling which was amongst the body parts at the front of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 5 shows a closer view of the front mudguard (circled) which was amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 6 shows a closer view of the left cowling which was amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 7 shows the left handlebar end and left side mirror (arrowed), which were amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 8 shows a closer view of the gear shift pedal and left front footrest (circled) which were amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 9 shows a closer view of the left rear side cover which was amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damages of grazing nature as a result of the accident (arrowed).



Photo 10 shows a closer view of the left pillion foot peg which was amongst the body parts of the Motorcycle that had sustained damages of grazing nature as a result of the accident.



Photo 11 shows the top box rack of the Motorcycle that had sustained damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 12 shows the rear mudguard, tail lamp and rear number plate of the Motorcycle that had sustained extensive damage as a result of the accident.



Photo 13 shows the top box of the Motorcycle that had sustained damages of grazing nature as a result of the accident.



Photo 14 shows the front tyre of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The front tyre was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 3mm. The pattern of the tread was also clearly visible. There was no tear, burst mark(s) and/or punctured hole(s) on the sidewalls as well as across the tread of the front tyre.



Photo 15 shows the condition of the Motorcycle's rear tyre. The rear tyre was observed to be in serviceable condition with remaining tread depth of approximately 3mm. The tyre was also observed to be sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation. We did not observe any tear, burst mark(s) and/or punctured hole(s) on the sidewalls as well as across the tread of the rear tyre.

Engine & Drive Train

9. Upon examination of the Motorcycle's engine area, we had observed that the various engine related parts and components were intact with no visible damage. There was also no sign(s) or indication(s) of fluid leak observed around the engine area of the Motorcycle.
10. The gear chain of the motorcycle was found to be intact without any misalignment. It was also adequately lubricated for operating purposes. See photos 16 – 19 below.



Photo 16 shows the left side of the engine of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The various engine related parts and components were found to be intact with no visible damage. There was also no sign(s) or indication(s) of fluid leak observed around the left engine area of the Motorcycle.



Photo 17 shows the right side of the engine of the Motorcycle at the time of our inspection. The various engine related parts and components were found to be intact with no visible damage. There was also no sign(s) or indication(s) of fluid leak observed around the right engine area of the Motorcycle.



Photo 18 shows the general view of the gear train (arrowed) of the Motorcycle, which was observed to be intact with no misalignment. It was also adequately lubricated for operating purposes.



Photo 19 shows a closer view of the gear train (arrowed) of the Motorcycle, which was observed to be intact with no misalignment. It was also adequately lubricated for operating purposes.

Steering System & Braking System

11. Our checks on the various steering components of the Motorcycle revealed that its steering system was in serviceable condition. Its front fork was found to be intact and undamaged. Turning the handle bar towards the left and right also did not produce any abnormal free play and/or resistance.
12. The brake system of the Motorcycle was of a semi-hydraulic type, where hydraulic (brake fluid) pressure controls the brake for the front wheel while the brake for the rear wheel is controlled by mechanical means (cables and springs). Our visual examination of the various components in the brake system, like the brake disc, brake caliper, drum, brake lever and brake foot pedal, revealed all to be intact and without damage. There was also no leakage of brake fluid observed along the front brake hose. This was from the respective front brake fluid reservoir to the front brake caliper of the Motorcycle. The brake fluid for the front brake was found to be of sufficient level for operating purposes. However the brake fluid was found to be contaminated. There was also no visible tear or cut observed on the connecting hoses and cables.

13. Static brake tests conducted on the Motorcycle had appeared to indicate that the brake system of the Motorcycle was in serviceable condition. There was some resistance felt (spongy like feel) upon pressing the front brake lever. This would indicate that there's no leakage of pressure/vacuum in the front brake system.
14. We subsequently carried out an operational test of the Motorcycle's braking system. This was done by manually pushing the Motorcycle forward and backward, simulating the Motorcycle in motion, and thereafter engaging the front brake and rear brake of the Motorcycle. At the end of the short operational test, we did not observe any abnormal behaviour of the Motorcycle's braking system. The front wheel and rear wheel of the Motorcycle were able to stop rotating immediately upon depressing the brake lever and stepping on the brake pedal. See photos 20 – 26 below.



Photo 20 shows the front fork (arrowed) of the Motorcycle. The front fork and fork bracket of the Motorcycle were both found to be intact and undamaged. Turning the Motorcycle's handle bar towards the left and right did not produce any abnormal free play. The steering system of the Motorcycle was in serviceable condition at the time of our inspection.



Photo 21 shows the front wheel of the Motorcycle turned towards its full left. Turning the Motorcycle's handle bar towards the left did not produce any abnormal free play and/or resistance. This would indicate that the steering system of the Motorcycle was in serviceable condition at the time of our inspection.



Photo 22 shows the front wheel of the Motorcycle turned towards its full right. Turning the Motorcycle's handle bar towards the right did not produce any abnormal free play and/or resistance. This would indicate that the steering system of the Motorcycle was in serviceable condition at the time of our inspection.

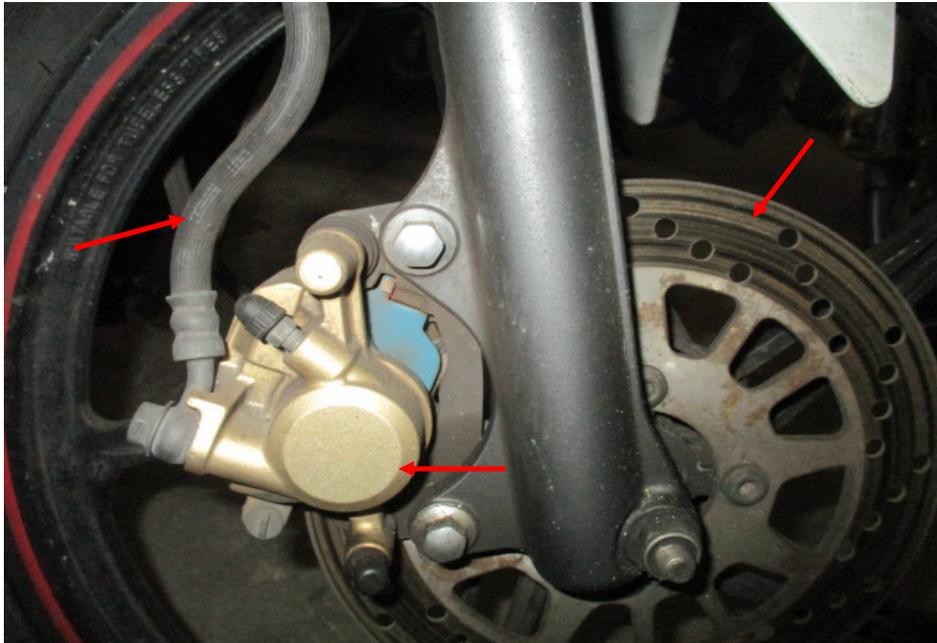


Photo 23 shows a close up view of the front brake caliper, front brake disc and front brake hose (arrowed) of the Motorcycle, which are all part of the components in the hydraulic front brake system of the Motorcycle. Our visual checks of these various components had revealed all to be intact with no visible damage. No leakage of brake fluid was also observed.



Photo 24 shows the brake fluid reservoir for the front brake of the Motorcycle. The brake fluid was found to be of sufficient level for operating purposes. However the brake fluid was found to be contaminated (arrowed).



Photo 25 shows the front brake lever being depressed. There was some resistance felt (spongy like feel) upon pressing the front brake lever (arrowed). This would indicate that there is no leakage of pressure/vacuum in the brake system.



Photo 26 shows the rear wheel of the Motorcycle. The type of brake system for the rear wheel was of a mechanical type, controlled by the brake foot pedal of the Motorcycle. Our checks of the cable (arrowed), spring and drum which are all part of the components in the rear brake system of the Motorcycle reveal all to be intact and without damage.

Conclusion

15. Basing on our physical inspection of the Motorcycle, it appears that the steering system and braking system of the Motorcycle were all in serviceable condition. We did not find any evidence(s) to suggest that there was possible mechanical failure to the Motorcycle that may have caused and/or contributed to the accident.
16. The 2 tyres of the Motorcycle were found to be in serviceable condition. There was no tear, cut or burst mark(s) on the outer and the inner sidewalls as well as across the tread of the 2 tyres. The 2 tyres were sufficiently inflated for vehicular operation with remaining tread depth of approximately 3mm each.



Muhd Nazril

Senior Technical Investigator



Ang Bryan Tani

AMSOE, AMIRTE, AFF SAE, M.MATAI, AFF.Inst.AEA

Senior Technical Investigator

Technical Investigation & Reconstructionist (SAE-A)

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY TO THIRD PARTIES:- This Report is made solely for the use and benefit of the Client named on the front page of this Report. No liability or responsibility whatsoever, in contract or tort, is accepted to any third party who may rely on the Report wholly or in part. Any third party acting or relying on this Report, in whole or in part, does so at his or her own risk.